# East Haven Together Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation (SCIO)

SC045824

**Constitution** 



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East Haven Together became a registered SCIO on 15th July 2015

This constitution was updated and approved by members at a meeting on 29th January 2023.

#### 1. THE CHARITY - EAST HAVEN TOGETHER

# Type of Organisation

1. The organisation will, upon registration, be a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation (SCIO)

# **Scottish Principal Office**

2. The principal office of the SCIO will be in Angus, Scotland (and must remain in Angus Scotland).

#### Name

3. The name of the organisation is East Haven Together

#### **Charitable Purposes**

- 4. The SCIO will promote, advance and further the following charitable purposes;
  - 4.1 the advancement of citizenship or community development; and
  - 4.2 the advancement of environmental protection or improvement.
  - 4.3 the charitable purposes for which the SCIO is established will be furthered by the SCIO through;
  - 4.3.1 Protecting and promoting the heritage of East Haven
  - 4.3.2 Protecting the natural heritage of East Haven
  - 4.3.3 Protecting and enhancing the natural environment of East Haven
  - 4.3.4 Promoting the needs and interests of East Haven and it's residents.
  - 4.3.5 Developing and maintaining a sustainable community
  - 4.3.6 Protecting wildlife

# **Powers**

- 5. East Haven Together has the full range of powers available to a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation in terms of section 50 (5) of the 2005 Act to do anything which is calculated to further its purposes or is conducive or incidental to doing so.
- 6. No part of the income or property of East Haven Together may be paid or transferred (directly or indirectly) to the members either in the course of the organisation's existence or on dissolution except where this is done in direct furtherance of the organisation's charitable purposes.

# **Liability of Members**

- 7. The members of East Haven Together have no liability to pay any sums to help to meet the debts (or other liabilities) of the organisation if it is wound up; accordingly, if the organisation is unable to meet its debts, the members will not be held responsible.
- 8. The members and charity trustees have certain legal duties under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005; and clause 7 does not exclude (or limit) any personal liabilities they might incur if they are in breach of those duties or in breach of other legal obligations or duties that apply to them personally.

#### **General Structure**

- 9. The structure of the organisation consists of:
  - 9.1 the MEMBERS: who have the right to attend members' meetings (including any annual general meeting) and have important powers under the constitution; in particular, the members appoint people to serve as trustees and take decisions on changes to the constitution itself;
  - 9.2 the BOARD: who hold meetings, and generally control the activities of the organisation; for example, the board are responsible for monitoring and controlling the financial position of the organisation.
- 10. The people serving on the board are referred to in this constitution as CHARITY TRUSTEES.

#### 2. MEMBERS

#### **Eligibility for membership**

- 11. Membership is open to any person aged 16 or over who, in the view of the charity trustees, demonstrates a genuine commitment to further the purposes of the SCIO as outlined in section 4.
- 12. The charity trustees shall have the power to create different categories of membership with different rights attaching thereto. Initially, there shall be two categories of membership:-
  - 12.1 East Haven residents membership; and
  - 12.2 'Friends of East Haven' membership.
- 13. Trustees reserve the right to determine if certain issues directly affecting residents warrant a residents only vote. For example: a vote regarding a community heating system that only benefits residents.

#### **Application for membership**

14. Any person who wishes to become a member must sign a written application for membership; the application will then be considered by the trustees. Trustees must notify

each applicant promptly of its decision on whether or not to admit him/her to membership. No individual aged 16 or over will be denied membership on the grounds of age, race, disability, religion, ethnicity, gender, or sexual orientation.

15. The trustees may, at their discretion, refuse to admit a person to membership if it is considered that the aim of the individual seeking membership is to deliberately undermine the charitable purpose of the SCIO.

# **Membership subscription**

16. No membership subscription will be payable.

# **Register of members**

- 17. The board must keep a register of members, setting out for each current member
  - 17.1 Full name and address and the date on which he/she was registered as a member of East Haven Together
  - 17.1 2. For each former member for at least six years from the date on he/she ceased to be a member: name; and the date on which he/she ceased to be a member.
- 18. The board must ensure that the register of members is updated within 28 days of any change:
  - 18.1 which arises from a resolution of the board or a resolution passed by the members of East Haven Together; or
  - 18.2 which is notified to East Haven Together
- 19. If a member or charity trustee of East Haven Together requests a copy of the register of members, the board must ensure that a copy is supplied to him/her within 28 days, providing the request is reasonable; if the request is made by a member (rather than a charity trustee), the board may provide a copy which has the addresses blanked out.

#### Withdrawal from membership

20. Any person who wants to withdraw from membership must give a written notice of withdrawal to the organisation, signed by him/her; he/she will cease to be a member as from the time when the notice is received by the organisation.

#### **Transfer of membership**

21. Membership of the organisation may not be transferred by a member.

# **Re-registration of members**

22. The board may, at any time, issue notices to the members requiring them to confirm that they wish to remain as members of East Haven Together and allowing them a period

- of 28 days (running from the date of issue of the notice) to provide that confirmation to the board.
- 23. If a member fails to provide confirmation to the board (in writing or by e-mail) that he/she wishes to remain as a member of East Haven Together before the expiry of the 28-day period referred to in clause 22, the board may expel him/her from membership.
- 24. A notice under clause 22 will not be valid unless it refers specifically to the consequences (under clause 23) of failing to provide confirmation within the 28-day period.

# **Expulsion from membership**

- 25. Any person may be expelled from membership if it is agreed that they deliberately and/or persistently undermine the charitable purpose of East Haven Together. Agreement will be by way of a resolution passed by not less than two thirds of those present and voting at a members' meeting, providing the following procedures have been observed:
  - 25.1 at least 21 days' notice of the intention to propose the resolution must be given to the member concerned, specifying the grounds for the proposed expulsion;
  - 25.2 the member concerned will be entitled to be heard on the resolution at the members' meeting at which the resolution is proposed.

#### **Termination**

26. Membership of the organisation will terminate on death.

### **Employment of Members and Trustees**

- 27. Members and Trustees are not eligible to be employed by the SCIO except in circumstances described below in 27.1:
  - 27.1 Members and Trustees may receive remuneration of not more than £5000 per annum (rising annually by 5%) for undertaking village duties e.g. cleaning the public toilets. All residents living in East Haven and members of the SCIO have equal opportunity to participate in the rota for undertaking village duties
  - 27.2 Not withstanding clause 27.1, less than 50% of Trustees will be eligible for payment in any one calendar year.

#### 3. DECISION-MAKING BY THE MEMBERS

#### Members' meetings

28. The charity shall hold a meeting of members attending in person or virtually in each calendar year, to be called an 'annual general meeting' or 'AGM'. The charity trustees may call other meetings of the members attending in person or virtually as they think fit. Such meetings may be entirely virtual meetings or hybrid meetings as the circumstances allow.

- 29. The charity trustees shall meet not fewer than once per year. Such meetings may be entirely virtual meetings or hybrid meetings as the circumstances allow and as agreed by the charity trustees.
- 29.1 A person attending a meeting virtually shall have the same rights to receive notice, speak, vote and otherwise participate in the meeting as he or she would have if attending the meeting in person.
- 30. The business of each AGM must include:
  - 30.1 a report by the Lead Trustee on the activities of the organisation;
  - 30.2 consideration of the annual accounts of the organisation;
  - 30.3 the election/re-election of charity trustees, as referred to in clauses 60 to 63.
- 31. The board may arrange a special members' meeting at any time.

# Power to request the board to arrange a special members' meeting

- 32. The board must arrange a special members' meeting if they are requested to do so by a notice (which may take the form of two or more documents in the same terms, each signed by one or more members) by members who amount to 5% or more of the total membership of the organisation at the time, providing:
  - 32.1 the notice states the purposes for which the meeting is to be held; and
  - 32.2 those purposes are not inconsistent with the terms of this constitution, the Charities and Trustee (Investment) Scotland Act 2005 or any other statutory provision.
- 33. If the board receives a notice under clause 32 the date for the meeting which they arrange in accordance with the notice must not be later than 28 days from the date on which they received the notice.

#### Virtual meetings

34. A meeting of members of the charity or a meeting of the charity trustees where arrangements have been made in advance to allow participants to attend the meeting by means of a conference telephone, video link or similar means of electronic communication at which all participants can be heard and can hear each other without the need for them to be physically present at the same location. A person participating in a meeting by such means shall be deemed to be attending virtually.

#### Hybrid meeting

34.1 a meeting of members of the charity or a meeting of the charity trustees at which some participants are attending the meeting in person and others are attending virtually.

# Notice of members' meetings

- 35. At least 14 clear days' notice must be given of any AGM or any special members' meeting.
- 36. The notice calling a members' meeting must specify in general terms what business is to be dealt with at the meeting and
  - 36.1. in the case of a resolution to alter the constitution, must set out the exact terms of the proposed alteration(s); or
  - 36.2 in the case of any other resolution falling within clause 46 (requirement for two-thirds majority) must set out the exact terms of the resolution.
- 37. The reference to "clear days" in clause 35 shall be taken to mean that, in calculating the period of notice.
  - 37.1 the day after the notices are posted (or sent by e-mail) should be excluded; and
  - 37.2 the day of the meeting itself should also be excluded.
- 38. Notice of every members' meeting must be given to all the members of the organisation, and to all the charity trustees; but the accidental omission to give notice to one or more members will not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.
  - 38.1 Where arrangements have been made for a meeting to be held virtually or as a hybrid meeting, the notice calling the meeting shall state that fact and include details of the means by which a person may attend the meeting virtually.
- 39. Any notice which requires to be given to a member under this constitution must be:
  - 39.1 sent by post to the member, at the address last notified by him/her to the organisation; *or*
  - 39.2 sent by e-mail to the member, at the e-mail address last notified by him/her to the organisation.

# Procedure at members' meetings

- 40. No business shall be transacted at a meeting unless a quorum is present.
- 41. The quorum for a members meeting will be 4 members and 2 Trustees present and entitled to vote upon the business of the meeting. A person shall be deemed to be present by attending either in person or virtually where arrangements for virtual attendance have been made.
- 42. If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the time at which a members' meeting was due to start or if a quorum ceases to be present during a members' meeting the meeting cannot proceed; and fresh notices of meeting will require to be sent out, to deal with the business (or remaining business) which was intended to be conducted.

- 43. The lead trustee of 'East Haven Together' should act as chairperson of each members' meeting.
- 44. If the lead trustee of 'East Haven Together' is not present within 15 minutes after the time at which the meeting was due to start (or is not able or willing to act as chairperson), the charity trustees present at the meeting must elect (from among themselves) the person who will act as chairperson of that meeting.

# Voting at members' meetings

- 45. A person entitled to vote upon the business at a meeting may do so either in person or virtually where arrangements for virtual attendance have been made. Where a vote is to be taken by means of a secret ballot, any arrangements for a meeting to be held virtually or as a hybrid meeting shall include a means for those attending virtually to cast their vote secretly.
  - 45.1 A member who wishes to appoint a proxy to vote on his/her behalf at any members' meeting must give to the SCIO a proxy form (in such terms as the board requires), signed by him/her or, must send by electronic means to the SCIO at the email address notified to the members for that purpose, a proxy form (in such terms as the board requires) providing (in either case) the proxy form is received by the SCIO at the relevant address not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the members' meeting.
  - 45.2 A member shall not be entitled to appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.
  - 45.3 Members can appoint the chair of the meeting to vote as their proxy if they have directed the chair (through wording in the proxy form) on how they should vote on their behalf in favour of, or against, each resolution.
  - 45.4 A proxy appointed to attend and vote at any members' meeting instead of a member shall have the same right as the member who appointed him/her to speak at the meeting. This includes attending a virtual meeting
- 46. All decisions at members' meetings will be made by majority vote with the exception of the types of resolution listed in clause 47.
- 47. The following resolutions will be valid only if passed by not less than two thirds of those voting on the resolution at a members' meeting (or if passed by way of a written resolution under clause 50):
  - 47.1 a resolution amending the constitution
  - 47.2 a resolution expelling a person from membership under clause 23
  - 47.3 a resolution directing the board to take any particular step (or directing the board not to take any particular step)
  - 47.4 a resolution approving the amalgamation of the organisation with another SCIO (or approving the constitution of the new SCIO to be constituted as the successor pursuant to that amalgamation);

- 47.5 a resolution to the effect that all of the organisation's property, rights and liabilities should be transferred to another similar organisation or SCIO (or agreeing to the transfer from another SCIO of all of its property, rights and liabilities);
- 47.6 a resolution for the winding up or dissolution of the organisation.
- 48 If there is an equal number of votes for and against any resolution, the chairperson of the meeting will be entitled to a second (casting) vote.
- 49 A resolution put to the vote at a members' meeting will be decided on a show of hands unless the chairperson (or at least two other members present at the meeting) ask for a secret ballot.
- 50 The chairperson will decide how any secret ballot is to be conducted, and he/she will declare the result of the ballot at the meeting.

# Written resolutions by members

51 A resolution agreed to in writing (or by e-mail) by all the members will be as valid as if it had been passed at a members' meeting; the date of the resolution will be taken to be the date on which the last member agreed to it.

#### **Minutes**

- 52. The board must ensure that proper minutes are kept in relation to all members' meetings.
- 53. Minutes of members' meetings must include the names of those present; and (so far as possible) should be signed by the chairperson of the meeting.
- 54. The board shall make available copies of the minutes referred to in clause 52 to any member of the public requesting them; but on the basis that the board may exclude confidential material to the extent permitted under clause 100.
  - 54.1 The board will make available general information about the activities of the SCIO to all residents of East Haven whether members of the SCIO or not

#### 4. BOARD

#### Number of charity trustees

- 55 The maximum number of charity trustees is 6; out of that:
  - 55.1 no more than 4 shall be charity trustees who were elected/appointed under clause 61 (or deemed to have been appointed under clause 58); and
  - 55.2 no more than 2 shall be charity trustees who were co-opted under the provisions of clauses 64 and 65.
- 56. The minimum number of charity trustees is 3

# Eligibility

- 57. A person shall not be eligible for election/appointment to the board under clauses 59 to 62 unless he/she is a member of the organisation; a person appointed to the board under clause 64 need not, however, be a member of the organisation.
- 58. A person will not be eligible for election or appointment to the board if he/she is:
  - 58.1 disqualified from being a charity trustee under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005; or
  - 58.2 an employee of the organisation not withstanding the circumstances outlined in 27.1
- 59. The individuals who signed the charity trustee declaration forms which accompanied the application for incorporation of the organisation shall be deemed to have been appointed by the members as charity trustees with effect from the date of incorporation of the organisation.

# Election, Retiral, Re-election

- 60. At each AGM, the members may elect any member (unless he/she is debarred from membership under clause 58) to be a charity trustee.
- 61. The board may at any time appoint any member (unless he/she is debarred from membership under clause 58) to be a charity trustee.
- 62. At each AGM, all of the charity trustees elected/appointed under clauses 59 61 shall retire from office but shall then be eligible for re-election under clause 60.
- 63. A charity trustee retiring at an AGM will be deemed to have been re-elected unless: -
  - 63.1 he/she advises the board prior to the conclusion of the AGM that he/she does not wish to be re-appointed as a charity trustee; or
  - 63.2 an election process was held at the AGM and he/she was not among those elected/re-elected through that process; or
  - 63.3 a resolution for the re-election of that charity trustee was put to the AGM and was not carried.

# Appointment/re-appointment of co-opted charity trustees

- 64. In addition to their powers under clause 61, the board may at any time appoint any non-member of the organisation to be a charity trustee (subject to clause 55, and providing he/she is not debarred from membership under clause 58) either on the basis that he/she has been nominated by East Haven Together *or* on the basis that he/she has specialist experience and/or skills which could be of assistance to the board.
- 65. At each AGM, all of the charity trustees appointed under clause 64 shall retire from office, but shall then be eligible for re-appointment under that clause.

#### **Termination of office**

- 66. A charity trustee will automatically cease to hold office if: -
  - 66.1 he/she becomes disqualified from being a charity trustee under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005
  - 66.2 he/she becomes incapable for medical reasons of carrying out his/her duties as a charity trustee but only if that has continued (or is expected to continue) for a period of more than six months
  - 66.3 in the case of a charity trustee elected/appointed under clauses 59 to 63) he/ she ceases to be a member of the organisation
  - 66.4 he/she becomes an employee of the organisation except in the circumstances outlined in clause 27.1
  - 66.5 he/she gives the organisation a notice of resignation, signed by him/her
  - 66.6 he/she is absent (without good reason, in the opinion of the board) from more than three consecutive meetings of the board but only if the board resolves to remove him/her from office
  - 66.7 he/she is removed from office by resolution of the board on the grounds that he/she is considered to have committed a material breach of the code of conduct for charity trustees (as referred to in clause 83)
  - 66.8 he/she is removed from office by resolution of the board on the grounds that he/she is considered to have been in serious or persistent breach of his/her duties under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005; or
  - 66.9 he/she is removed from office by a resolution of the members passed at a members' meeting.
  - 67. A resolution under paragraph 66.7, 66.8 or 66.9 shall be valid only if:
    - 67.1 the charity trustee who is the subject of the resolution is given reasonable prior written notice of the grounds upon which the resolution for his/her removal is to be proposed
    - 67.2 the charity trustee concerned is given the opportunity to address the meeting at which the resolution is proposed, prior to the resolution being put to the vote; and
    - 67.3 (in the case of a resolution under paragraph 63.3 or 66.7) at least two thirds (to the nearest round number) of the charity trustees then in office vote in favour of the resolution.

# Register of charity trustees

- 68. The board must keep a register of charity trustees, setting out
  - 68.1 for each current charity trustee; his/her full name and address; and the date on which he/she was appointed as a charity trustee; and any office held by him/her in the organisation
  - 68.2 for each former charity trustee; for at least 6 years from the date on which he/ she ceased to be a charity trustee; and the name of the charity trustee and any office held by him/her in the organisation; and the date on which he/she ceased to be a charity trustee.
- 69. The board must ensure that the register of charity trustees is updated within 28 days of any change:
  - 69.1 which arises from a resolution of the board or a resolution passed by the members of the organisation; or
  - 69.2 which is notified to the organisation.
- 70. If any person requests a copy of the register of charity trustees, the board must ensure that a copy is supplied to him/her within 28 days, providing the request is reasonable; if the request is made by a person who is not a charity trustee of the organisation, the board may provide a copy which has the addresses blanked out if the SCIO is satisfied that including that information is likely to jeopardise the safety or security of any person or premises.

#### Office-bearers

- 71. When electing trustees to serve on the board, members must elect a minimum of three trustees. The office of lead trustee and at least one treasurer must be in place at all times.
  - 71.1 In addition to all the general duties and responsibilities of a trustee The lead trustee will:
  - 71.2 Be responsible for overseeing the day to day leadership of the organisation and ensuring good governance.
  - 71.3 Act as a spokesperson for the organisation
- 72. In addition to the office-bearers required under clause 71, the charity trustees may elect (from among themselves) further office-bearers if they consider that appropriate.
- 73. All of the office-bearers will cease to hold office at the conclusion of each AGM, but may then be re-elected under clause 71 or 72.
- 74. A person elected to any office will automatically cease to hold that office:
  - 74.1 if he/she ceases to be a charity trustee; or
  - 74.2 if he/she gives to the organisation a notice of resignation from that office, signed by him/her.

#### Powers of board

- 75. Except where this constitution states otherwise, East Haven Together (and its assets and operations) will be managed by the board; and the board may exercise all the powers of the organisation.
- 76. A meeting of the board at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the board.
- 77. The members may, by way of a resolution passed in compliance with clause 46 (requirement for two-thirds majority), direct the board to take any particular step or direct the board not to take any particular step; and the board shall give effect to any such direction accordingly.

# Charity trustees - general duties

- 78. Each of the charity trustees has a duty, in exercising functions as a charity trustee, to act in the interests of the organisation; and, in particular, must:
  - 78.1 seek, in good faith, to ensure that the organisation acts in a manner which is in accordance with its purposes
  - 78.2 act with the care and diligence which it is reasonable to expect of a person who is managing the affairs of another person
  - 78.3 in circumstances giving rise to the possibility of a conflict of interest between the organisation and any other party
  - 78.4 put the interests of the organisation before that of the other party
  - 78.5 where any other duty prevents him/her from doing so, disclose the conflicting interest to the organisation and refrain from participating in any deliberation or decision of the other charity trustees with regard to the matter in question
  - 78.6 ensure that the organisation complies with any direction, requirement, notice or duty imposed under or by virtue of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005.
- 79. In addition to the duties outlined in clause 78, all of the charity trustees must take such steps as are reasonably practicable for the purpose of ensuring: -
  - 79.1 that any breach of any of those duties by a charity trustee is corrected by the charity trustee concerned and not repeated; and
  - 79.2 that any trustee who has been in serious and persistent breach of those duties is removed as a trustee.
- 80. Provided he/she has declared his/her interest and has not voted on the question of whether or not the organisation should enter into the arrangement a charity trustee will not be debarred from entering into an arrangement with the organisation in which he/she has a personal interest; and (subject to clause 81 and to the provisions relating to

remuneration for services contained in the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005), he/she may retain any personal benefit which arises from that arrangement.

- 81. No charity trustee may serve as an employee (full time or part time) of the organisation except for in the circumstances described in clause 27.1; and no charity trustee may be given any remuneration by the organisation for carrying out his/her duties as a charity trustee.
- 82. The charity trustees may be paid all travelling and other expenses reasonably incurred by them in connection with carrying out their duties; this may include expenses relating to their attendance at meetings.

# Code of conduct for charity trustees

- 83. Each of the charity trustees shall comply with the code of conduct (incorporating detailed rules on conflict of interest) prescribed by the board from time to time.
- 84. The code of conduct referred to in clause 83 shall be supplemental to the provisions relating to the conduct of charity trustees contained in this constitution and the duties imposed on charity trustees under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005; and all relevant provisions of this constitution shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with the provisions of the code of conduct in force from time to time

#### 5. DECISION-MAKING BY THE CHARITY TRUSTEES

# Notice of board meetings

- 85. Any charity trustee may call a meeting of the board *or* ask the lead trustee to call a meeting of the board.
- 86. At least 7 days' notice must be given of each board meeting, unless (in the opinion of the person calling the meeting) there is a degree of urgency which makes that inappropriate.

#### Procedure at board meetings

- 87. No valid decisions can be taken at a board meeting unless a quorum is present; the quorum for board meetings is 3 charity trustees, present in person.
- 88. If at any time the number of charity trustees in office falls below the number stated as the quorum in clause 87, the remaining charity trustee(s) will have power to fill the vacancies or call a members' meeting but will not be able to take any other valid decisions.
- 89. The lead trustee of the organisation should act as chairperson of each board meeting.
- 90. If the chair is not present within 15 minutes after the time at which the meeting was due to start (or is not willing to act as chairperson), the charity trustees present at the meeting must elect (from among themselves) the person who will act as chairperson of that meeting.

- 91. Every charity trustee has one vote, which must be given personally.
- 92. All decisions at board meetings will be made by majority vote.
- 93. If there is an equal number of votes for and against any resolution, the lead trustee of the meeting will be entitled to a second (casting) vote.
- 94. The board may, at its discretion, allow any person to attend and speak at a board meeting notwithstanding that he/she is not a charity trustee but on the basis that he/she must not participate in decision-making. Children may also be invited to meetings of the board and members to share their views and advise.
- 95. A charity trustee must not vote at a board meeting (or at a meeting of a sub-committee) on any resolution which relates to a matter in which he/she has a personal interest or duty which conflicts (or may conflict) with the interests of the organisation; he/she must withdraw from the meeting while an item of that nature is being dealt with.
- 96. For the purposes of clause 94: -
  - 96.1 an interest held by an individual who is "connected" with the charity trustee under section 68 (2) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 (husband/wife, partner, child, parent, brother/sister etc) shall be deemed to be held by that charity trustee;
  - 96.2 a charity trustee will be deemed to have a personal interest in relation to a particular matter if a body in relation to which he/she is an employee, director, member of the management committee, officer or elected representative has an interest in that matter.

#### **Minutes**

- 97. The board must ensure that proper minutes are kept in relation to all board meetings.
- 98. The minutes to be kept under clause 96 must include the names of those present; and (so far as possible) should be signed by the chairperson of the meeting.
- 99. The board shall (subject to clause 100) make available copies of the minutes referred to in clause 97 to any member of the public requesting them.
- 100. The board may exclude from any copy minutes made available to a member of the public under clause 99 any material which the board considers ought properly to be kept confidential on the grounds that allowing access to such material could cause significant prejudice to the interests of the organisation or on the basis that the material contains reference to employee or other matters which it would be inappropriate to divulge.

#### 6. ADMINISTRATION

# **Delegation to sub-committees**

- 101. The board may delegate any of their powers to sub-committees; a sub-committee must include at least one charity trustee, but other members of a sub-committee need not be charity trustees.
- 102. The board may also delegate to the lead trustee of the organisation (or the holder of any other post) such of their powers as they may consider appropriate.
- 103. When delegating powers under clause 101 or 102, the board must set out appropriate conditions (which must include an obligation to report regularly to the board).
- 104. Any delegation of powers under clause 101 or 102 may be revoked or altered by the board at any time.
- 105. The rules of procedure for each sub-committee, and the provisions relating to membership of each sub-committee, shall be set by the board.

  Operation of accounts
- 106. Subject to clause 107, two signatories appointed by the board will be required in relation to all operations (other than the lodging of funds) on the bank and building society accounts held by the organisation; at least one out of the two signatures must be the signature of a charity trustee.
- 107. Where the organisation uses electronic facilities for the operation of any bank or building society account, the authorisations required for operations on that account must be consistent with the approach reflected in clause 106.

  Accounting records and annual accounts
- 108. The board must ensure that proper accounting records are kept, in accordance with all applicable statutory requirements.
- 109. The board must prepare annual accounts, complying with all relevant statutory requirements; if an audit is required under any statutory provisions (or if the board consider that an audit would be appropriate for some other reason), the board should ensure that an audit of the accounts is carried out by a qualified auditor.

#### 7. MISCELLANEOUS

#### Winding-up

- 110. If the organisation is to be wound up or dissolved, the winding-up or dissolution process will be carried out in accordance with the procedures set out under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005.
- 111. Any surplus assets available to the organisation immediately preceding its winding up or dissolution must be used for purposes which are the same as or which closely resemble the purposes of the organisation as set out in this constitution.

#### Alterations to the constitution

- 112. This constitution may (subject to clause 113) be altered by resolution of the members passed at a members' meeting (subject to achieving the two thirds majority referred to in clause 47) or by way of a written resolution of the members.
- 113. The Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 prohibits taking certain steps (eg change of name, an alteration to the purposes, amalgamation, winding-up) without the consent of the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR).

# Interpretation

- 114. References in this constitution to the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 should be taken to include:
  - 114.1 any statutory provision which adds to, modifies or replaces that Act; and
  - 114.2 any statutory instrument issued in pursuance of that Act or in pursuance of any statutory provision falling under paragraph 113 above.

# 115 In this constitution

- 115.1 "charity" means a body which is either a "Scottish charity" within the meaning of section 13 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 or a "charity" within the meaning of section 1 of the Charities Act 2011, providing (in either case) that its objects are limited to charitable purposes;
- 115.2 "charitable purpose" means a charitable purpose under section 7 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 which is also regarded as a charitable purpose in relation to the application of the Taxes Acts.

Full Name:

Wendy Murray

Signed

Lead Trustee

Date: 29th January 2023

Full Name:

Lynne Fotheringham

Signed

Trustee

Date: 29th January 2023